

VERNON'S TEXAS STATUTES AND CODES ANNOTATED
HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE
TITLE 4. HEALTH FACILITIES
SUBTITLE F. POWERS AND DUTIES OF HOSPITALS
CHAPTER 311. POWERS AND DUTIES OF HOSPITALS
SUBCHAPTER C. HOSPITAL DATA REPORTING AND COLLECTION SYSTEM
(Incorporating amendments under HB 2419 and SB 1125; 77th Legislature, 2001)

Sec. 311.031. Definitions

In this subchapter:

- (1) "Board" means the Texas Board of Health.
- (2) "Charity care" means the unreimbursed cost to a hospital of:
 - (A) providing, funding, or otherwise financially supporting health care services on an inpatient or outpatient basis to a person classified by the hospital as "financially indigent" or "medically indigent"; and/or
 - (B) providing, funding, or otherwise financially supporting health care services provided to financially indigent persons through other nonprofit or public outpatient clinics, hospitals, or health care organizations.
- (3) "Contractual allowances" means the difference between revenue at established rates and amounts realizable from third-party payors under contractual agreements.
- (4) "Department" means the Texas Department of Health.
- (5) "Donations" means the unreimbursed costs of providing cash and in-kind services and gifts, including facilities, equipment, personnel, and programs, to other nonprofit or public outpatient clinics, hospitals, or health care organizations.
- (6) "Education-related costs" means the unreimbursed cost to a hospital of providing, funding, or otherwise financially supporting educational benefits, services, and programs including:
 - (A) education of physicians, nurses, technicians, and other medical professionals and health care providers;
 - (B) provision of scholarships and funding to medical schools, colleges, and universities for health professions education;
 - (C) education of patients concerning diseases and home care in response to community needs; and
 - (D) community health education through informational programs, publications, and outreach activities in response to community needs.
- (7) "Financially indigent" means an uninsured or underinsured person who is accepted for care with no obligation or a discounted obligation to pay for the services rendered based on the hospital's eligibility system.
- (8) "Government-sponsored indigent health care" means the unreimbursed cost to a hospital of providing health care services to recipients of Medicaid and other federal, state, or local indigent health care programs, eligibility for which is based on financial need.

(9) "Health care organization" means a nonprofit or public organization that provides, funds, or otherwise financially supports health care services provided to financially indigent persons.

(10) "Hospital" means:

- (A) a general or special hospital licensed under Chapter 241;
- (B) a private mental hospital licensed under Chapter 577; and
- (C) a treatment facility licensed under Chapter 464.

(11) "Hospital eligibility system" means the financial criteria and procedure used by a hospital to determine if a patient is eligible for charity care. The system shall include income levels and means testing indexed to the federal poverty guidelines; provided, however, that a hospital may not establish an eligibility system which sets the income level eligible for charity care lower than that required by counties under Section 61.023 or higher, in the case of the financially indigent, than 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines. A hospital may determine that a person is financially or medically indigent pursuant to the hospital's eligibility system after health care services are provided.

(12) "Hospital system" means a system of local nonprofit hospitals under the common governance of a single corporate parent that are located within a radius of not more than 125 linear miles of the corporate parent.

(13) "Medically indigent" means a person whose medical or hospital bills after payment by third-party payors exceed a specified percentage of the patient's annual gross income, determined in accordance with the hospital's eligibility system, and the person is financially unable to pay the remaining bill.

(14) "Research-related costs" means the unreimbursed cost to a hospital of providing, funding, or otherwise financially supporting facilities, equipment, and personnel for medical and clinical research conducted in response to community needs.

(15) "Subsidized health services" means those services provided by a hospital in response to community needs for which the reimbursement is less than the hospital's cost for providing the services and which must be subsidized by other hospital or nonprofit supporting entity revenue sources. Subsidized health services may include but are not limited to:

- (A) emergency and trauma care;
- (B) neonatal intensive care;
- (C) free-standing community clinics; and
- (D) collaborative efforts with local government or private agencies in preventive medicine, such as immunization programs.

(16) "Unreimbursed costs" means the costs a hospital incurs for providing services after subtracting payments received from any source for such services including but not limited to the following: third-party insurance payments; Medicare payments; Medicaid payments; Medicare education reimbursements; state reimbursements for education; payments from drug companies to pursue research; grant funds for research; and disproportionate share payments. For purposes of this definition, the term "costs" shall be calculated by applying the cost to charge ratios derived in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for hospitals to billed charges. The calculation of the cost to charge ratios shall be based on the most recently completed and audited prior fiscal year of the hospital or hospital system. Prior to January 1, 1996, for purposes of this definition, charitable contributions and grants to a hospital, including transfers from endowment or other funds controlled by the hospital or its nonprofit supporting entities, shall not be subtracted from the costs of providing services for purposes of determining

unreimbursed costs. After January 1, 1996, for purposes of this definition, charitable contributions and grants to a hospital, including transfers from endowment or other funds controlled by the hospital or its nonprofit supporting entities, shall not be subtracted from the costs of providing services for purposes of determining the unreimbursed costs of charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care.

Sec. 311.032. Department Administration of Hospital Reporting and Collection System

(a) The department shall establish a uniform reporting and collection system for hospital financial and utilization data.

(b) The board shall adopt necessary rules consistent with this subchapter to govern the reporting and collection of data.

Sec. 311.033. Financial and Utilization Data Required

(a) A hospital shall submit to the department financial and utilization data for that hospital, including data relating to the hospital's:

- (1) total gross revenue, including:
 - (A) Medicare gross revenue;
 - (B) Medicaid gross revenue;
 - (C) other revenue from state programs;
 - (D) revenue from local government programs;
 - (E) local tax support;
 - (F) charitable contributions;
 - (G) other third party payments;
 - (H) gross inpatient revenue; and
 - (I) gross outpatient revenue;
- (2) total deductions from gross revenue, including:
 - (A) contractual allowance; and
 - (B) any other deductions;
- (3) charity care;
- (4) bad debt expense;
- (5) total admissions, including:
 - (A) Medicare admissions;
 - (B) Medicaid admissions;
 - (C) admissions under a local government program;
 - (D) charity care admissions; and
 - (E) any other type of admission;
- (6) total discharges;
- (7) total patient days;

(8) average length of stay;

(9) total outpatient visits;

(10) total assets;

(11) total liabilities;

(12) estimates of unreimbursed costs of subsidized health services reported separately in the following categories:

(A) emergency care and trauma care;

(B) neonatal intensive care;

(C) free-standing community clinics;

(D) collaborative efforts with local government or private agencies in preventive medicine, such as immunization programs; and

(E) other services that satisfy the definition of "subsidized health services" contained in Section 311.031;

(13) donations;

(14) total cost of reimbursed and unreimbursed research;

(15) total cost of reimbursed and unreimbursed education separated into the following categories:

(A) education of physicians, nurses, technicians, and other medical professionals and health care providers;

(B) scholarships and funding to medical schools, colleges, and universities for health professions education;

(C) education of patients concerning diseases and home care in response to community needs;

(D) community health education through informational programs, publications, and outreach activities in response to community needs; and

(E) other educational services that satisfy the definition of "education-related costs" under Section 311.031(6).

(b) The data must be based on the hospital's most recent audited financial records.

(c) The data must be submitted in the form and at the time established by the department.

Sec. 311.0335. Mental Health and Chemical Dependency Data

(a) A hospital that provides mental health or chemical dependency services shall submit to the department financial and utilization data relating to the mental health and chemical dependency services provided by the hospital, including data for inpatient and outpatient services relating to:

(1) patient demographics, including race, ethnicity, age, gender, and county of residence;

(2) admissions;

(3) discharges, including length of inpatient treatment;

(4) specific diagnoses and procedures according to criteria prescribed by the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 3rd Edition, Revised, or a later version

prescribed by the department;

(5) total charges and the components of the charges;

(6) payor sources; and

(7) use of mechanical restraints.

(b) The data must be submitted in the form and at the time established by the department.

Sec. 311.035. Use of Data

(a) The department shall use the data collected under this subchapter to publish an annual report regarding:

(1) the amount of charity care, bad debt, and other uncompensated care hospitals provide;

(2) the use of hospital services by indigent patients; and

(3) the effect of indigent care services on hospitals.

(b) (Repealed in 1995)

(c) The department shall enter into an interagency agreement with the Texas Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation, Texas Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, and Texas Department of Insurance relating to the mental health and chemical dependency data collected under Section 311.0335. The agreement shall address the collection, analysis, and sharing of the data by the agencies.

Sec. 311.036. Data Verification

(a) Before the department may publish the report required by Section 311.035 or provide data to the public in any other manner, the department shall give each hospital a copy of the preliminary report or provide the hospital an opportunity in some other manner to verify the data relating to that hospital.

(b) If a hospital does not submit corrected data before the 31st day after the date on which the hospital receives the preliminary report or other data, the department shall presume that the data is correct.

Sec. 311.037. Confidential Data; Criminal Penalty

(a) The following data reported or submitted to the department under this subchapter is confidential:

(1) data regarding a specific patient; or
(2) financial data regarding a provider or facility submitted to the department before September 1, 1987. All financial data regarding a provider or facility submitted after September 1, 1987, are no longer confidential.

(b) Before the department may disclose confidential data under this subchapter, the department must remove any information that identifies a specific patient.

(c) A person commits an offense if the person:

(1) discloses, distributes, or sells confidential data obtained under this subchapter;
or
(2) violates Subsection (b).

(d) An offense under Subsection (c) is a Class B misdemeanor.

Sec. 311.039. Exemption

A hospital may, but is not required to, provide the data required by Section 311.033 if the hospital:

- (1) is exempt from state franchise, sales, ad valorem, or other state or local taxes; and
- (2) does not seek or receive reimbursement for providing health care services to patients from any source, including:
 - (A) the patient or any person legally obligated to support the patient;
 - (B) a third party payor; or
 - (C) Medicaid, Medicare, or any other federal, state, or local program for indigent health care.

SUBCHAPTER D.
DUTIES OF NONPROFIT HOSPITALS

(Incorporating amendments under HB 2419 and SB 1125; 77th Legislature, 2001)

Sec. 311.041. Policy Statement

It is the purpose of this subchapter to clarify and set forth the duties and responsibilities of nonprofit hospitals for providing community benefits that include charity care.

Sec. 311.042. Definitions

In this subchapter:

- (1) "Charity care" means those amounts defined as charity care in Section 311.031(2).
- (2) "Community benefits" means the unreimbursed cost to a hospital of providing charity care, government-sponsored indigent health care, donations, education, government-sponsored program services, research, and subsidized health services. Community benefits does not include the cost to the hospital of paying any taxes or other governmental assessments.
- (3) "Contributions" means the dollar value of cash donations and the fair market value at the time of donation of in-kind donations to the hospital from individuals, organizations, or other entities. Contributions does not include the value of a donation designated or otherwise restricted by the donor for purposes other than charity care.
- (4) "Donations" means those amounts defined as donations in Section 311.031(5).
- (5) "Education-related costs" means those amounts defined as education-related costs in Section 311.031(6).
- (6) "Government-sponsored indigent health care" means those amounts defined as government-sponsored indigent health care in Section 311.031(8).
- (7) "Government-sponsored program unreimbursed costs" means the unreimbursed cost to the hospital of providing health care services to the beneficiaries of Medicare, the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services, and other federal, state, or local government health care programs.
- (8) "Net patient revenue" is an accounting term and shall be calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for hospitals.
- (9)(A) "Nonprofit hospital" means a hospital that is:
 - (i) eligible for tax-exempt bond financing; or
 - (ii) exempt from state franchise, sales, ad valorem, or other state or local taxes;and
 - (iii) organized as a nonprofit corporation or a charitable trust under the laws of this state or any other state or country.
- (B) For purposes of this subchapter, a "nonprofit hospital" shall not include a hospital that:
 - (i) is exempt from state franchise, sales, ad valorem, or other state or local taxes;

(ii) does not receive payment for providing health care services to any inpatients or outpatients from any source including but not limited to the patient or any person legally obligated to support the patient, third-party payors, Medicare, Medicaid, or any other federal,

state, or local indigent care program; payment for providing health care services does not include charitable donations, legacies, bequests, or grants or payments for research; and

(iii) does not discriminate on the basis of inability to pay, race, color, creed, religion, or gender in its provision of services; or

(iv) is located in a county with a population under 50,000 where the entire county or the population of the entire county has been designated as a Health Professionals Shortage Area.

(10) "Nonprofit supporting entities" means nonprofit entities created by the hospital or its parent entity to further the charitable purposes of the hospital and that are owned or controlled by the hospital or its parent entity.

(11) "Research-related costs" means those amounts defined as research-related costs in Section 311.031(12).

(12) "Tax-exempt benefits" means all of the following, calculated in accordance with standard accounting principles for hospitals for tax purposes using the applicable statutes, rules, and regulations regarding the calculation of these taxes:

(A) the dollar amount of federal, state, and local taxes foregone by a nonprofit hospital and its nonprofit supporting entities. For purposes of this definition federal, state, and local taxes include income, franchise, ad valorem, and sales taxes;

(B) the dollar amount of contributions received by a nonprofit hospital and its nonprofit supporting entities; and

(C) the value of tax-exempt bond financing received by a nonprofit hospital and its nonprofit supporting entities.

(13) "Subsidized health services" means those amounts defined as subsidized health services in Section 311.031(13).

(14) "Unreimbursed costs" means costs as defined in Section 311.031(14).

(15) "Hospital system" means a system of local nonprofit hospitals under the common governance of a single corporate parent that are located within a radius of not more than 125 linear miles of the corporate parent.

(Note: Due to some renumbering in Section 311.031 in 1995, the references in the above section may not match with those in Section 311.031.)

Sec. 311.043. Duty of Nonprofit Hospitals to Provide Community Benefits

(a) A nonprofit hospital shall provide health care services to the community and shall comply with all federal, state, and local government requirements for tax exemption in order to maintain such exemption. These health care services to the community shall include charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care and may include other components of community benefits as both terms are defined in Sections 311.031 and 311.042.

(b) In order to qualify as a charitable organization under Sections 11.18(d)(1), 151.310(a)(2) and (e), and 171.063(a)(1), Tax Code, and to satisfy the requirements of this subchapter, a nonprofit hospital shall provide community benefits, which include charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care, in an amount that satisfies the requirements of

Section 311.045. A determination of the amount of charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care provided by a hospital shall be based on the most recently completed and audited prior fiscal year of the hospital.

(c) Reductions in the amount of community benefits, which includes charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care, provided by a nonprofit hospital shall be considered reasonable when the financial reserves of the hospital are reduced to such a level that the hospital would be in violation of any applicable bond covenants, when necessary to prevent the hospital from endangering its ability to continue operations, or if the hospital, as a result of a natural or other disaster, is required substantially to curtail its operations.

(d) A hospital's admissions policy must provide for the admission of financially indigent and medically indigent persons pursuant to its charity care requirements as set forth in this subchapter.

Sec. 311.044. Community Benefits Planning by Nonprofit Hospitals

(a) A nonprofit hospital shall develop:

(1) an organizational mission statement that identifies the hospital's commitment to serving the health care needs of the community; and

(2) a community benefits plan defined as an operational plan for serving the community's health care needs that sets out goals and objectives for providing community benefits that include charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care, as the terms community benefits, charity care, and government-sponsored indigent health care are defined by Sections 311.031 and 311.042, and that identifies the populations and communities served by the hospital.

(b) When developing the community benefits plan, the hospital shall consider the health care needs of the community as determined by community-wide needs assessments. For purposes of this subsection, "community" means the primary geographic area and patient categories for which the hospital provides health care services; provided, however, that the primary geographic area shall at least encompass the entire county in which the hospital is located.

(c) The hospital shall include at least the following elements in the community benefits plan:

(1) mechanisms to evaluate the plan's effectiveness, including but not limited to a method for soliciting the views of the communities served by the hospital;

(2) measurable objectives to be achieved within a specified time frame; and

(3) a budget for the plan.

(d) In determining the community-wide needs assessment required by Subsection (b), a nonprofit hospital shall consider consulting with and seeking input from representatives of the following entities or organizations located in the community as defined by Subsection (b):

(1) the local health department;

(2) the public health region under Chapter 121;

(3) the public health district;

- (4) health-related organizations, including a health professional association or hospital association;
- (5) health science centers;
- (6) private business;
- (7) consumers;
- (8) local governments; and
- (9) insurance companies and managed care organizations with an active market presence in the community.

(e) Representatives of a nonprofit hospital shall consider meeting with representatives of the entities and organizations listed in Subsection (d) to assess the health care needs of the community and population served by the nonprofit hospital.

Sec. 311.045. Community Benefits and Charity Care Requirements

(a) A nonprofit hospital or hospital system shall annually satisfy the requirements of this subchapter and of Sections 11.18(d)(1), 151.310(a)(2) and (e), and 171.063(a)(1), Tax Code, to provide community benefits which include charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care by complying with one or more of the standards set forth in Subsection (b). The hospital or hospital system shall file a statement with the Bureau of State Health Data and Policy Analysis (now known as Office of Health Information and Analysis) at the department and with the chief appraiser of the local appraisal district no later than the 120th day after the hospital's or hospital system's fiscal year ends, stating which of the standards in Subsection (b) have been satisfied, provided, however, that the first report shall be filed no later than the 120th day after the end of the hospital's or hospital system's fiscal year ending during 1994. For hospitals in a hospital system, the corporate parent may elect to satisfy the charity care requirements of this subchapter for each of the hospitals within the system on a consolidated basis.

(b)(1) A nonprofit hospital or hospital system may elect to provide community benefits, which include charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care, according to any of the following standards:

(A) charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care are provided at a level which is reasonable in relation to the community needs, as determined through the community needs assessment, the available resources of the hospital or the hospital system, and the tax-exempt benefits received by the hospital or hospital system;

(B) charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care are provided in an amount equal to at least 100 percent of the hospital's or hospital system's tax-exempt benefits, excluding federal income tax; or

(C) charity care and community benefits are provided in a combined amount equal to at least five percent of the hospital's or hospital system's net patient revenue, provided that charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care are provided in an amount equal to at least four percent of net patient revenue.

(2) For purposes of satisfying Subdivision (1)(C), a hospital or hospital system may not change its existing fiscal year unless the hospital or hospital system changes its ownership or corporate structure as a result of a sale or merger.

(3) A nonprofit hospital that has been designated as a disproportionate share hospital under the state Medicaid program in the current fiscal year or in either of the previous two fiscal

years shall be considered to have provided a reasonable amount of charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care and shall be deemed in compliance with the standards in this subsection.

(c) The providing of charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care in accordance with Subsection (b)(1)(A) shall be guided by the prudent business judgment of the hospital which will ultimately determine the appropriate level of charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care based on the community needs, the available resources of the hospital, the tax-exempt benefits received by the hospital, and other factors that may be unique to the hospital, such as the hospital's volume of Medicare and Medicaid patients. These criteria shall not be determinative factors, but shall be guidelines contributing to the hospital's decision, along with other factors which may be unique to the hospital. The standards set forth in Subsections (b)(1)(B) and (b)(1)(C) shall also not be considered determinative of the amount of charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care that will be considered reasonable under Subsection (b)(1)(A).

(d) For purposes of this section, a hospital that satisfies Subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(3) shall be excluded in determining a hospital system's compliance with the standards provided by Subsection (b)(1)(B) or (b)(1)(C).

(e) In any fiscal year that a hospital or hospital system, through unintended miscalculation, fails to meet any of the standards in Subsection (b), the hospital or hospital system shall not lose its tax-exempt status without the opportunity to cure the miscalculation in the fiscal year following the fiscal year the failure is discovered by both meeting one of the standards and providing an additional amount of charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care that is equal to the shortfall from the previous fiscal year. A hospital or hospital system may apply this provision only once every five years.

(f) A nonprofit hospital or hospital system under contract with a local county to provide indigent health care services under Chapter 61 may credit unreimbursed costs from direct care provided to an eligible county resident toward meeting the nonprofit hospital's or system's charity care and government-sponsored indigent health care requirement.

Sec. 311.0455. ANNUAL REPORT BY THE DEPARTMENT.

(a) The department shall submit to the attorney general and comptroller not later than July 1 of each year a report listing each nonprofit hospital or hospital system that did not meet the requirements of Section 311.045 during the preceding fiscal year.

(b) The department shall submit to the attorney general and the comptroller not later than November 1 of each year a report containing the following information for each nonprofit hospital or hospital system during the preceding fiscal year:

- (1) the amount of charity care, as defined by Section 311.031, provided;
- (2) the amount of government-sponsored indigent health care, as defined by Section 311.031, provided;
- (3) the amount of community benefits, as defined by Section 311.042, provided;
- (4) the amount of net patient revenue, as defined by Section 311.042, and the amount constituting four percent of net patient revenue;
- (5) the dollar amount of the hospital's or hospital system's charity care and community benefits requirements met;
- (6) a computation of the percentage by which the amount described by

Subdivision (5) is above or below the dollar amount of the hospital's or hospital system's charity care and community benefits requirements;

(7) the amount of tax-exempt benefits, as defined by Section 311.042, provided, if the hospital is required to report tax-exempt benefits under Section 311.045(b)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(B); and

(8) the amount of charity care expenses reported in the hospital's or hospital system's audited financial statement.

(c) The department shall make the report required by Subsection (b) available to the public and shall issue a press release concerning the availability of the report.

(d) For purposes of Subsection (b), "nonprofit hospital" includes the following if the hospital is not located in a county with a population under 50,000 where the entire county or the population of the entire county has been designated as a Health Professionals Shortage Area:

(1) a Medicaid disproportionate share hospital; or

(2) a public hospital that is owned or operated by a political subdivision or municipal corporation of the state, including a hospital district or authority.

Sec. 311.046. Annual Report of Community Benefits Plan

(a) A nonprofit hospital shall prepare an annual report of the community benefits plan and shall include in the report at least the following information:

(1) the hospital's mission statement;

(2) a disclosure of the health care needs of the community that were considered in developing the hospital's community benefits plan pursuant to Section 311.044(b);

(3) a disclosure of the amount and types of community benefits, including charity care, actually provided. Charity care shall be reported as a separate item from other community benefits;

(4) a statement of its total operating expenses computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for hospitals from the most recent completed and audited prior fiscal year of the hospital; and

(5) a completed worksheet that computes the ratio of cost to charge for the fiscal year referred to in Subdivision (4) and that includes the same requirements as Worksheet 1-A adopted by the department in August 1994 for the 1994 "Annual Statement of Community Benefits Standards".

(b) A nonprofit hospital shall file the annual report of the community benefits plan with the Bureau of State Health Data and Policy Analysis (now known as Office of Health Information and Analysis) at the department. The report shall be filed no later than April 30 of each year. In addition to the annual report, a completed worksheet as required by Subsection (a)(5) shall be filed no later than 10 working days after the date the hospital files its Medicare cost report.

(c) A nonprofit hospital shall prepare a statement that notifies the public that the annual report of the community benefits plan is public information; that it is filed with the department; and that it is available to the public on request from the department. The statement shall be posted in prominent places throughout the hospital, including but not limited to the emergency room waiting area and the admissions office waiting area. The statement shall also be printed in

the hospital patient guide or other material that provides the patient with information about the admissions criteria of the hospital.

(d) Each hospital shall provide, to each person who seeks any health care service at the hospital, notice, in appropriate languages, if possible, about the charity care program, including the charity care and eligibility policies of the program, and how to apply for charity care. Such notice shall also be conspicuously posted in the general waiting area, in the waiting area for emergency services, in the business office, and in such other locations as the hospital deems likely to give notice of the charity care program and policies. Each hospital shall annually publish notice of the hospital's charity care program and policies in a local newspaper of general circulation in the county. Each notice under this subsection must be written in language readily understandable to the average reader.

(e) For purposes of this section, "nonprofit hospital" includes the following if the hospital is not located in a county with a population under 50,000 where the entire county or the population of the entire county has been designated as a Health Professionals Shortage Area:

- (1) a Medicaid disproportionate share hospital; or
- (2) a public hospital that is owned or operated by a political subdivision or municipal corporation of the state, including a hospital district or authority.

Sec. 311.0461. INFORMATIONAL MANUAL

The department shall annually publish a manual that lists each nonprofit hospital in this state with a brief summary of the charity care policies and community benefits that the nonprofit hospital provides.

Sec. 311.047. Penalties

The department may assess a civil penalty against a hospital that fails to make a report of the community benefits plan as required under this subchapter. The penalty may not exceed \$1,000 for each day a report is delinquent after the date on which the report is due. No penalty may be assessed against a hospital under this subsection until 10 business days have elapsed after written notification to the hospital of its failure to file a report.

Sec. 311.048. Rights and Remedies

The rights and remedies provided for in this subchapter shall not limit, affect, change, or repeal any other statutory or common-law rights or remedies available to the state or a nonprofit hospital.

HB 2419

SECTION 1. Section 311.045, Health and Safety Code, is

1-5 amended by adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

1-6 (f) A nonprofit hospital or hospital system under contract
1-7 with a local county to provide indigent health care services under
1-8 Chapter 61 may credit unreimbursed costs from direct care provided
1-9 to an eligible county resident toward meeting the nonprofit
1-10 hospital's or system's charity care and government-sponsored
1-11 indigent health care requirement.

1-12 SECTION 2. Section 311.046(d), Health and Safety Code, is
1-13 amended to read as follows:

1-14 (d) Each hospital shall provide, to each person who seeks
1-15 any health care service at the hospital, notice, in appropriate
1-16 languages, if possible, about the charity care program, including
1-17 the charity care and eligibility policies of the program, and how
1-18 to apply for charity care. Such notice shall also be conspicuously
1-19 posted in the general waiting area, in the waiting area for
1-20 emergency services, in the business office, and in such other
1-21 locations as the hospital deems likely to give notice of the
1-22 charity care program and policies. Each hospital shall annually
1-23 publish notice of the hospital's charity care program and policies
1-24 in a local newspaper of general circulation in the county. Each
2-1 notice under this subsection must be written in language readily
2-2 understandable to the average reader.

2-3 SECTION 3. Subchapter D, Chapter 311, Health and Safety
2-4 Code, is amended by adding Section 311.0461 to read as follows:

2-5 Sec. 311.0461. INFORMATIONAL MANUAL. The department shall
2-6 annually publish a manual that lists each nonprofit hospital in
2-7 this state with a brief summary of the charity care policies and
2-8 community benefits that the nonprofit hospital provides.

2-9 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2001.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2419 was passed by the House on May
5, 2001, by a non-record vote.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2419 was passed by the Senate on May
22, 2001, by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 0, 1 present, not
voting.

Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED: _____

Date

Governor

SB 1125

54-12 SECTION 78. Subsection (a), Section 311.045, Health and
54-13 Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:

54-14 (a) A nonprofit hospital or hospital system shall annually
54-15 satisfy the requirements of this subchapter and of Sections
54-16 11.18(d)(1), 151.310(a)(2) and (e), and 171.063(a)(1), Tax Code, to
54-17 provide community benefits which include charity care and
54-18 government-sponsored indigent health care by complying with one or
54-19 more of the standards set forth in Subsection (b). The hospital or
54-20 hospital system shall file a statement with the Bureau of State
54-21 Health Data and Policy Analysis at the department and [, with] the
54-22 chief appraiser of the local appraisal district[, and with the
54-23 comptroller's office] no later than the 120th day after the
54-24 hospital's or hospital system's fiscal year ends, stating which of
54-25 the standards in Subsection (b) have been satisfied, provided,
54-26 however, that the first report shall be filed no later than the
55-1 120th day after the end of the hospital's or hospital system's
55-2 fiscal year ending during 1994. For hospitals in a hospital
55-3 system, the corporate parent may elect to satisfy the charity care
55-4 requirements of this subchapter for each of the hospitals within
55-5 the system on a consolidated basis.